Mark: ____/65 = ____%

Date _____

PRETEST ON CHAPTER 3

Part 1 – MULTIPLE CHOICES

Answer all the questions on the multiple choice sheet provided at the end

1) Which of the following statements is consistent with the law of conservation of energy?

- A) Energy can be created and destroyed only in nuclear reactions.
- B) Energy can be transferred, but not transformed.
- C) The total amount of energy in an isolated system always remains constant.
- D) The total amount of energy in a non isolated system always remains constant.

2) Which of the following statements about energy efficiency IS TRUE?

- A) The energy efficiency of a system is the percentage of the useful energy transformed into consumed energy.
- B) Electrical devices transform all the energy consumed into useful energy.
- C) The energy efficiency of an electrical device that loses energy is less than 100%
- D) The energy efficiency of an electrical device that uses all consumed energy is more than 100%

3) Which of the following statements is TRUE?

A) Thermal energy is energy transferred between two objects with different temperatures.
B) Temperature takes into account only the speed of particles of a substance or their degree of agitation.

- C) Heat is the energy contained in matter due to the movement of particles that make it up.
- D) Temperature depends on the mass of the particles.

4) Using a hot plate, a 250 mL cup of water was heated from 20°C to 35°C. Which of the following statements describing this change is FALSE?

- A) The water molecules became more agitated.
- B) The thermal energy of the water increased.
- C) Heat went from the plate to the water.
- D) Temperature went from the plate to the water.

- 5) Below are situations in which the concepts of *heat* and *temperature* are involved:
 - 1) The rain melted the ice on the roads. H
 - 2) At 29°C, last Thursday was the coldest day of the year. T
 - 3) The gas stoves are extensively used to prepare foods. H
 - 4) In Canada, the maximum temperature that a home oven could reach is 550 degrees Fahrenheit. T
 - 5) If we touch a person that suffers from high fever, their skin feels hot. H

Which of the following represents a correct description of the above concepts?

- A) 1-heat; 2-temperature; 3-heat; 4-heat; 5-temperature
- B) 1-temperature; 2-heat; 3-heat; 4-temperature; 5-temperature
- C) 1 temperature; 2 temperature; 3- heat; 4 temperature; 5 temperature
- D) 1 heat; 2 -temperature; 3- heat; 4 temperature; 5 heat
- 6) The table below represents some changes that a sample of matter undergoes. Which of the following changes would produce an increase in the thermal energy?

	Variation
1	The temperature goes from 0°C to -10°C. D
2	The temperature goes from 15°C to 25°C. I
3	The number of particles goes from 25 g to 10 g. D
4	The number of particles goes from 60 g to 100 g. I

A) 1 and 4 $\,$

B) 2 and 4

7) Which one of the following sentences is FALSE?

- A) A 40 kg radiator at 60°C gives off less heat than a burning candle at 120°C.
- B) A plate of boiling soup gives off less heat than a plate of edible soup.
- C) A 50 kg block of ice gives off more heat than a 10 kg block of ice.
- D) 200 g of ice cream give off more heat than a 200 mL glass of coke.

8) A heat furnace produces 6.8 kJ of useful energy to heat a house. The electrical efficiency of the furnace is 92%. What is the amount of energy consumed?

Energy efficiency = $\frac{amt.of useful energy}{amt.of energy consumed} x100\%$ $C = \frac{E}{U} = \frac{6.8 \ kJ}{0.92} = 7.39 \ kJ$ A) $6,25 \ x \ 10^3 \ kJ$ B) $7.39 \ kJ$ C) $13.5 \ kJ$ D) $6250 \ J$

9) A light bulb transforms electrical energy into light. Over a certain period of time, a light bulb consumes 500 J of electrical energy. The energy efficiency of this light bulb is 78%. How much energy is lost as heat?

Energy efficiency =
$$\frac{amt.of useful energy}{amt.of energy consumed} x100\%$$

 $U = \frac{E}{C} = \frac{500 \text{ J}}{0.78} = 390 \text{ J}$
LOST ENERGY = ENERGY CONSUMED - ENERGY ISED = 500J - 390 J
LOST ENERGY = 110 J
A) 641 kJ
B) 390 J
D) 641 J

10) Which of the following statements is NOT consistent with the law of conservation of mass?

- A) Matter is not created nor destroyed.
- B) In all chemical reactions, the number of atoms of each type is equal before and after the reaction.
- C) In all chemical reactions, the total mass of the reactants equals the total mass of the products.
- D) In all chemical reactions, the number of molecules of each type is equal before and after the reaction.
- 11) The following equation represents the cellular respiration reaction, a vital process taking place in the green cells of all plants.

$$C_6H_{12}O_{6(s)} + 6 O_{2(g)} \rightarrow 6 CO_{2(g)} + 6 H_2O_{(l)} + energy$$

The law of conservation of mass is respected for the above reaction if:

- A) The number of reactant molecules equals the number of product molecules.
- B) The sum of all reactant coefficients equals the sum of all product coefficients.
- C) The number of atoms of each element is the same on the reactant and product side.
- D) The number of electrons is the same on the reactant and product side.

12) When 191 g of copper, Cu, is combined with 756 g of nitric acid, HNO₃, the chemical reaction produces 563 g of copper nitrate, Cu(NO₃)₂, 108 g of water, H₂O, and a certain amount of nitrogen dioxide, NO₂. This reaction is represented by the following balanced chemical equation:

 $Cu + 4HNO_3 \rightarrow Cu(NO_3)_2 + 2H_2O + 2NO_2$

What mass of nitrogen dioxide does this reaction produce?

$$Cu + 4HNO_3 \rightarrow Cu(NO_3)_2 + 2H_2O + 2NO_2$$

$$191g + 756g = 563g + 108g + X$$

$$x = 191g + 756g - 563g - 108g$$

$$x = 276g$$

A) 138 g
B) 276 g
C) 1218 g
D) 2436 g

13) The balanced chemical equation for photosynthesis is as follows:

$$6 \operatorname{CO}_{2(g)} + 6 \operatorname{H}_2O_{(l)} + \operatorname{energy} \rightarrow C_6\operatorname{H}_{12}O_{6(s)} + 6 \operatorname{O}_{2(g)}$$

A situation involving the photosynthesis of a maple leaf is illustrated in the diagram below:



Given the masses indicated in this diagram, what is the mass of oxygen gas (O_2) produced in this situation?

A) 0.16 g B) 0.96 g C) 1.86 g D) 2.76 g $6 \operatorname{CO}_{2(g)} + 6 \operatorname{H}_2 \operatorname{O}_{(1)} + \operatorname{energy} \rightarrow \operatorname{C}_6 \operatorname{H}_{12} \operatorname{O}_{6(s)} + 6 \operatorname{O}_{2(g)}$ 1.32 + 0.54 g = 0.90 g + X X = 1.32 + 0.54 g - 0.90 gX = 0.96 g 14) The following model represents a balanced neutralization reaction involving an acid and a base.



Which of the following correctly represents this neutralization reaction?

- A) $2HCl + Ca(OH)_2 \rightarrow CaCl_2 + 2H_2O$ C) $H_2Cl_2 + CaO_2H_2 \rightarrow CaCl_2 + H_4O_2$
- B) $H_2Cl_2 + Ca(OH)_2 \rightarrow CaCl_2 + 2H_2O$ D) $2HCl + CaO_2H_2 \rightarrow CaCl_2 + H_4O_2$
- 15) Consider the chemical reactions represented by the equations below. Which one represents a neutralization equation in which the law of conservation of matter is respected?
 - A) $H_2SO_4 + NaOH \rightarrow N_2SO_4 + 2 H_2O$
 - B) $2 \operatorname{Na} + 2 \operatorname{H}_2 O \rightarrow 2 \operatorname{NaOH} + \operatorname{H}_2$
 - C) $C_6H_{12}O_{6(s)} + 6 O_{2(g)} \rightarrow 6 CO_{2(g)} + 6 H_2O_{(l)} + energy$
 - $D) \quad 3 HBr + Fe(OH)_3 \rightarrow FeBr_3 + 3 H_2O$

Part 2 – EXTENDED ANSWERS

Answer all the questions in the space provided

 A television is designed to transform electrical energy into a variety of usable forms of energy such as light and sound. Over a certain period of time, the television consumes 450 kJ of electrical energy. A total of 180 kJ of energy is lost as heat. What is the energy efficiency of the television? Show all your work. (4 marks)

Energy efficiency = $\frac{amt.of useful energy}{amt.of energy consumed} x100\%$

USEFUL ENERGY = ENERGY CONSUMED – ENERGY LOST

USEFUL ENERGY = 450 kJ - 180 kJ = 270 kJ

$$E = \frac{U}{C} \times 100 = \frac{270 \text{ kJ}}{450 \text{ kJ}} \times 100 = 60 \%$$

Answer: The useful energy is 60%

2) The decomposition of 20 g of copper oxide (CuO) is represented by the following equation:

 $2 \text{ CuO} \rightarrow 2 \text{ Cu} + \text{O}_2$

If you obtain 16 g of copper(Cu), what amount of oxygen(O₂) was released? Show all your work.

(4 marks)

$$2 CuO_{(s)} \rightarrow 2 Cu_{(s)} + O_{2(g)}$$
$$20 g = 16 g + X$$
$$X = 20 g - 16 g$$
$$X = 4 g$$

Answer: Answer: 4 g of oxygen were released during this chemical reaction

3) Balance each of the following chemical equations. (4 marks)

- a) $2PbO_2 \rightarrow 2PbO + O_2$
- b) $2 SO_2 + O_2 \rightarrow 2 SO_3$

4) Hematite is a mineral that contains iron oxide (Fe₂O₃). In order to extract iron (Fe) from hematite, carbon monoxide (CO) is reacted with the mineral at a very high temperature. The balanced equation for the reaction is:

$$Fe_2O_3 + 3 CO \rightarrow 3 CO_2 + 2 Fe$$

The following diagram uses the particle model to represent the chemical equation above:



What law is proven by the above diagram?

Answer: THE LAW OF CONSERVATION OF MASS

5) A variety of human activities involve the combustion of fossil fuels (coal, natural gas and other hydrocarbon derivatives). For example, when methane (CH₄), burns it reacts with oxygen gas to produce carbon dioxide (CO₂) and water. The *unbalanced* chemical equation is written below:

 $CH_4 + O_2 \rightarrow CO_2 + H_2O + energy$

Write the balanced chemical equation for this reaction and represent it using the particle model. (4 marks)



Name:_

Part 1-Multiple Choices - Questions 1 to 15

BLACKEN the letter that corresponds to your answer. Example: [A] [B] [C] [D] Each question is worth three marks.

[A] [B] [C] [D] 1 EnergyEfficiency = -[A] [B] [C] [D] 2 [A] [B] [C] [D] 3 [A] [B] [C] [D] 4 [A] [B] [C] [D] 5 [A] [B] [C] [D] 6 [A] [B] [C] [D] $\overline{7}$ [A] [B] [C] [D] 8 [A] [B] [C] [D] 9 [A] [B] [C] [D] 10[A] [B] [C] [D] 11 [A] [B] [C] [D] 12 [A] [B] [C] [D] 13[A] [B] [C] [D] 14[A] [B] [C] [D] 15



Mark:	_/45
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AmountOfUsefulEnergy